LAZARD SAUDI ARABIA COMPANY (CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

LAZARD SAUDI ARABIA COMPANY (CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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Ibrahim Ahmed Al-Bassam & Co Certified Public Accountants - Al-Bassam & Co. (member firm of PKF International)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders' of Lazard Saudi Arabia Company (Closed Joint Stock Company)

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lazard Saudi Arabia Company ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the statement of comprehensive loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium – Sized Entities ("IFRS for SMEs"), that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements adopted by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) that are relevant to our audit of the Company's financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS for SMEs, as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncements issued by the SOCPA, the Company's Articles of Association and law of companies and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Ibrahim Ahmed Al-Bassam & Co Certified Public Accountants - Al-Bassam & Co. (member firm of PKF International)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs, as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidenced obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

CRASIUSSEDA

Al-Basyam & Co.

brahim A. Al-Bassam

Certified Public Accountant License No. 337 30 March 2022 27 Shaban 1443

LAZARD SAUDI ARABIA COMPANY (CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
		5R	SR
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	12,186,935	11,530,889
Prepayments, deposits and other assets	5	8,581,359	7,237,413
Due from related parties	12	2,243,791	1,046,269
Total current assets	_	23,012,085	19,814,571
Non-current assets			
roperty and equipment	6	247,892	283,892
otal non-current assets	No.	247,892	283,892
Total assets	15	23,259,977	20,098,463
IABILITIES AND EQUITY			
IABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
ccrued expenses and other liabilities	7	2,510,214	1,163,885
Due to related parties	12	11,950,050	10,039,005
otal current liabilities	_	14,460,264	11,202,890
ion-current liabilities			
imployees' end of service benefits	8	923,898	904,322
otal non-current liabilities		923,898	904,322
otal liabilities		15,384,162	12,107,212
QUITY			
ihare capital	9	7,500,000	7,500,000
tatutory reserve	11	61,754	61,754
ctuarial loss on remeasurement of net defined benefit liability		(246,248)	(264,417)
letained earnings		560,309	693,914
Total equity		7,875,815	7,991,251
Total liabilities and equity		23,259,977	20,098,463
Contingencies and commitments	18		

Chairman of the Board Directors Chief Financial Officer

LAZARD SAUDI ARABIA COMPANY (CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY) STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		31 December	31 December
	Notes _	2021	2020
		SR	SR
REVENUES			
Advisory fee income		1,800,926	692,765
EXPENSES			
General and administrative expenses	14	(5,800,657)	(5,163,425)
Other expenses		(33,874)	(19,560)
	-		
Loss for the year before tax		(4,033,605)	(4,490,220)
Taxation	15	•	
Net loss for the year	_	(4,033,605)	(4,490,220)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent years			
Net actuarial gain on re-measurement of defined benefit obligation	8	18,169	40,086
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(4,015,436)	(4,450,134)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-		<u> </u>

Chairman of the Board Directors Chief Financial Officer

LAZARD SAUDI ARABIA COMPANY (CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 7,500,000	Additional Statutory of contribution from Statutory of Share capital shareholders reserve ber	Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability R	Retained earnings	Total equity
7,500,000 - 61,754 (264,417) - 3,900,000 - 61,754 (246,248) - (3,900,000) - 61,754 (246,248) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) - 3,800,000 - 61,754 (264,417) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (264,417)	25		85	55
3,900,000		(264,417)	693,914	7,991,251
3,900,000 - 61,754 (246,248) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) - 3,800,000 - 61,754 (264,417) \$\int \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{2}{2} \int			(4,033,605)	(4,033,605)
18,169 - 3,900,000 - 61,754 (246,248) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) - 3,800,000 - 61,754 (264,417) 2,500,000 - 61,754 (264,417)		18,169		18,169
7,500,000 - 61,754 (246,248) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) - 3,800,000 - 40,086 - (3,800,000) - 61,754 (264,417)		18,169	(4,033,605)	(4,015,436)
7,500,000	3,900,000	1	•	3,900,000
7,500,000 - 61,754 (246,248) 7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) - 3,800,000 - 61,754 (264,417) 2,500,000 - 61,754 (264,417)	- (3,900,000)	•	3,900,000	•
7,500,000 - 61,754 (304,503) 40,086 - 3,800,000 - 61,754 (264,417) 2500,000 - 61,754 (264,417)		(246,248)	560,309	7,875,815
3,800,000 - 40,086 - 3,800,000 (3,500,000) (264,417)		(304,503)	1,384,134	8,641,385
3,800,000 - 40,086 3,800,000 - 40,086 (3,800,000) - 61,754 (264,417)			(4,490,220)	(4,490,220)
3,800,000 - (3,800,000) - (3,800,000) - (264,417)		40.086		AD DRE
3,800,000 - (3,800,000) - (3,800,000) - (264,417)		40,086	(4,490,220)	(4,450,134)
7,500,000 - (3,800,000) - (61,754)	3,800,000			3,800,000
2500,000 - 61,754	- (3,800,000)		3,800,000	
MATE	-33	(264,417)	693,914	7,991,251
 -	Blow		THE STREET	
Chartman of the board Directors	Chief Financial Officer		Financiai Officer	rer

The attached notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LAZARD SAUDI ARABIA COMPANY (CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	31 December 2021	31 December
		SR	5R
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss for the year before tax		(4,033,605)	(4,490,220)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	6	55,416	10,327
Provision against fund costs	8	142,219	149,722
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepayments, deposits and other assets		(1,343,947)	(6,863,014)
Due from related parties		(1,197,522)	136,642
Due to related parties		1,911,045	6,202,708
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		1,346,329	105,174
Payment of employees' end of service benefits	8	(104,474)	(99,591)
Net cash used in operating activities		(3,224,539)	(4,848,252)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY			
Purchase of property and equipment	6	(19,416)	(242,753)
Net cash used in investing activity	150	(19,416)	(242,753)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Shareholders' financing	10	3 000 000	3 500 000
		3,900,000	3,800,000
Net cash from financing activity	****	3,900,000	3,800,000
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		656,046	(1,291,005)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		11,530,889	12,821,894
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4	12,186,935	11,530,889

Chairman of the Board Directors Chief Financial Officer

1. LEGAL STATUS AND ACTIVITY

Lazard Saudi Arabia Company (the "Company") is a closed joint stock company under the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Company operates under Royal Decree No. M/6 dated 22/3/1385H (corresponding to 22 July 1965G), and in accordance with the Foreign Investment Regulations, issued under Royal Decree No. M/1 dated 5/1/1421H and license of the Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority No. 102031098747 dated 20/09/1431H (corresponding to 30 August 2010G). The Company's commercial registration number is 1010297437 which was issued in Riyadh on 04/12/1431H (corresponding to 10 November 2010G). The Company's is registered with Capital Market Authority "CMA" license No. 10145-10 dated 29/6/1431H (corresponding to 12 June 2010G).

The Company has obtained approval from CMA to assume additional business activity of asset management services, and change the name from Lazard Saudi Arabia Limited (Limited Liability Company) to Lazard Saudi Arabia Company (Closed Joint Stock Company) and obtained revised commercial registration certificate dated 04/08/1440H (corresponding to 09 April 2019G). The Company has amended its Bylaws accordingly.

The objective of the Company is to perform arranging in financial securities activities, managing private non-real estate funds, and managing sophisticated investor portfolios.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities ("IFRS for SMEs"), that are endorsed in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) and other standards and pronouncements adopted by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the end of service benefit obligation, that is recognized at the present value of future obligations and other financial assets and liabilities at fair value or amortized cost. In these financial statements, except for the cash flow statement, all the transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis and following going concern assumption. To ensure the validity of going concern, the shareholder has been providing additional contribution to the Company to absorb its losses as mention in note 2.4 and 10.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Company are presented in Saudi Riyals, which is the functional and presentational currency of the Company.

2.4 Going concern assessment

The losses of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to 5R 4,033,605 (2020: SR \$4,490,220). The Company has been incurring operating losses for the last three years. The Company has continuous support from shareholders through absorption of loss. During the year, the shareholders have absorbed losses to the extent of SR 3,900,000 in 2020 (2019: SR 3,800,000). Based on ongoing negotiations and developments regarding different projects, the management of the Company believes that it will be able to generate sufficient new business. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as going concern. Therefore, the financial statements of the Company continue to be prepared on the going concern basis (also refer note 10).

2.5 Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS for SMEs, that are endorsed in KSA, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

2.5 Use of estimates (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are discussed below:

a) Property and equipment

The estimates and assumptions made to determine carrying value of property and equipment and related depreciation are important to the Company's financial position and performance.

The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. Increasing an asset's expected life or its residual value would result in a reduced depreciation charge in the statement of comprehensive (loss)/income.

b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at each reporting date. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

c) Impairment of financial assets

A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the agreement. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators of objective evidence that the accounts receivable is impaired. For significant individual amounts, assessment is made on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but are overdue, are assessed collectively and a provision is recognized considering the length of time considering past recovery rates.

d) Employees' end of service benefits

The cost of defined benefit plan and the present value of the end of service obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions which may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

e) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available and credits can be utilized. Deferred tax asset has not been provided in these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 since the Company does not anticipate availability of future taxable profit to utilize any tax credits.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the spot rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction and are not subsequently restated. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the statement of comprehensive (loss)/income.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include for the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash on hand and at hanks

3.3 Prepayments and other assets

Prepayments and other assets are recognized initially at the transaction price and expensed over the period of economic benefits associated with such assets flowing to the Company.

3.4 Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the item of property and equipment. All other expenditures are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when incurred.

Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the applicable assets using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the remaining term of the lease. The estimated rates of depreciation of the principal classes of assets are as follows:

	Rates of depreciation
Leasehold improvements	20%
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	25%
Computer equipment	25%

Gain or loss on disposal of property and equipment represents the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of these assets and is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.5 Impairment

The Company reviews annually the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit), is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately.

3.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.7 Employee benefits

Defined contribution scheme

Retirement benefit in the form of General Organization for Social Insurance (GOSI) is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the GOSI. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the GOSI as an expense when due.

Employees' end of service benefits

The Company's obligation under employees' end of service benefits is accounted for as an unfunded defined benefits plan. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of the defined end of service benefits plan is the present value of the employees' end of service termination benefits obligation at the reporting date and is measured using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

3.8 Share capital

Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

3.9 Operating lease

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the term of the operating lease after including the impact of escalations if any.

3.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue from services rendered is generally recognized in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. Revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

- · the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- · it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company;
- . the stage of completion at the statement of financial position date can be measured reliably; and
- the cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3.11 Income tax

The Company is subject to income tax in accordance with the Regulations of the General Authority of Zakat and Tax ("ZATCA") in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, income tax is computed based on adjusted net income.

Any difference in the estimate is recorded when the final assessment is approved, at which time the provision is amended.

3.12 Deferred income tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the tax amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. No temporary taxable differences exist at reporting date. Due to losses, no deferred tax asset has been recognized at reporting date amounting SAR 10,304,167 (2020: SAR 9,516,307).

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.13 Financial instrument

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, due from related parties, deposits and other assets.

Financial liabilities include due to related parties and other payables.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the transaction price of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequently, all financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

The Company has no financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

3.14 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognized impairment loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

3.15 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency, or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

3.16 Equity-Based Incentive compensation awards

The Company has granted rights to equity instrument of its ultimate parent company to a senior employee of the Company. The Company accounts for the transaction with the employee as equity settled share-based transaction. Equity settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Equity-based incentive compensation awards that do not require future service are expensed immediately.

Equity-based compensation awards that require future service are amortized over the applicable vesting period, or requisite service period, based on the fair value of the ultimate parent company's Class A common stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense recognized for equity-based incentive compensation is determined based on the number of awards that in the Company's estimate are considered probable of vesting (including as a result of any applicable performance conditions). Equity based incentive compensation is recognized in "salaries and related expenses" under general and administrative expenses.

4	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
			3	1 December	31 December
				2021	2020
				SR	SR
	Cash in hand			1,082	3,615
	Cash at bank			12,185,853	11,527,274
				12,186,935	11,530,889
5	PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTH	ER ASSETS			
			3	1 December	31 December
				2021	2020
				SR	SR SR
	Accrued Income			7,899,446	6,757,724
	Prepayments			391,902	219,324
	Recovery expenses			288,523	258,877
	Others			1,488	1,488
				8,581,359	7,237,413

6	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		Furniture.		
			fixtures and		
		Leasehold	office	Computer	
		Improvements	equipment	equipment	Total
		SR	5R	SR	SR
	2021 Cost				
	Balance at 1 January 2021	414,382	138,528	319,736	872,646
	Additions		19,416	•	19,416
	Balance at 31 December 2021	414,382	157,944	319,736	892,062
	Accumulated depreciation				
	Balance at 1 January 2021	208,752	105,451	274,551	588,754
	Charge for the year	41,823	7,312	6,281	55,416
	Balance at 31 December 2021	250,575	112,763	280,832	644,170
	Carrying amount at 31 December				
	2021	163,807	45,181	38,904	247,892
	2020				
	Cost				
	Balance at 1 January 2020	205,267	104,890	319,736	629,893
	Additions	209,115	33,638	· -	242,753
	Balance at 31 December 2020	414,382	138,528	319,736	872,646
	Accumulated depreciation				
	Balance at 1 January 2020	205,267	104,890	268,270	578,427
	Charge for the year	3,485	561	6,281	10,327
	Balance at 31 December 2020	208,752	105,451	274,551	588,754
	Carrying amount at 31 December				
	Call Alling at months at an occellines				

7	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		SR	SF
	Accrued employees' bonus	1,205,310	980,877
	Accrued professional fees	168,450	173,000
	Withholding tax payable	834	
	Others	1,135,620 2,510,214	10,008
		2,310,214	1,103,003
8	EMPLOYEES' END OF SERVICE BENEFITS		
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		SR	SF
	At the beginning of the year	904,322	894,277
	Charge for the year	142,219	149,722
	Paid during the year	(104,474)	(99,591)
	Net actuarial (gain) on re-measurement	(18,169)	(40,086)
		923,898	004 277
	Actuarial valuation was done for the aforesaid defined benefit pla	100	
	Actuarial valuation was done for the aforesaid defined benefit pla	in using the following a	
	Discount rate	in using the following a 31 December	ssumptions: 31 December
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets	in using the following a 31 December 2021	essumptions: 31 December 2020
	Discount rate	in using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A	essumptions: 12020 2020 8.A
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation:	in using the following a 31 December 2021 3%	essumptions: 31 December 2020 3%
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff	in using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3%
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive	in using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% 3%	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% 3% Mortality Rate Table	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality	an using the following at 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% SM Mortality Rate Table 31 December	31 December 32020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality Reconciliation of net defined benefit Liability Opening defined benefit obligation	an using the following at 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% SM Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2021	31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2020
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality Reconciliation of net defined benefit Liability Opening defined benefit obligation Amounts charge to income statement;	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2021 SR 904,322	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2020 5R 894,277
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality Reconciliation of net defined benefit Liability Opening defined benefit obligation	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2021 SR 904,322	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2020 SR 894,277
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality Reconciliation of net defined benefit Liability Opening defined benefit obligation Amounts charge to income statement; Current service cost Interest cost Remeasurements due to actuarial (gain)/loss charge to other	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2021 SR 904,322	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2020 5R 894,277
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality Reconciliation of net defined benefit Liability Opening defined benefit obligation Amounts charge to income statement; Current service cost Interest cost Remeasurements due to actuarial (gain)/loss charge to other comprehensive income arising from;	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2021 SR 904,322 122,808 19,411	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2020 SR 894,277 122,839 26,883
	Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Salary escalation: Staff Executive Mortality Reconciliation of net defined benefit Liability Opening defined benefit obligation Amounts charge to income statement; Current service cost Interest cost Remeasurements due to actuarial (gain)/loss charge to other	an using the following a 31 December 2021 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2021 SR 904,322	assumptions: 31 December 2020 3% N.A 3% Mortality Rate Table 31 December 2020 SR 894,277

9 SHARE CAPITAL

The authorised, Issued and fully paid share capital as of 31 December 2021 comprises 7,500,000 shares of SR 1 each (2020: 7,500,000 shares of SR 1 each)

	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Name	Sharehok	ding %	Number	of shares	Share ca	pital (SR)
Lazard Group LLC	95	95	7,125,000	7,125,000	7,125,000	7,125,000
Lazard Funding Limited LLC	5	5	375,000	375,000	375,000	375,000
	100	100	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000

The country of registration of shareholders is the United States of America (USA).

10 ABSORPTION OF LOSSES / ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION BY SHAREHOLDERS

During 2021, the shareholders' resolved to inject SR 3,900,000 (2020: 3,800,000) to absorb the losses of the Company. The shareholders' absorption of loss in current year amounted to SR 3,900,000 (2020: SR 3,800,000).

In compilance with Article 181 of Law of Companies, the shareholders held a meeting on 03 December 2021 and resolved to absorb losses amounting to SR 3,900,000.

11 STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with Article 176 of the Regulations for Companies in Saudi Arabia and the Company's articles of association, the Company has established a statutory reserve by appropriation of 10% of net profit until the reserve equals 50% of the share capital. However, under the new Companies law, which is effective from 2 May 2016 this percentage has been reduced to 30%. This reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

Since the Company incurred loss for the year, no transfer has been made to statutory reserves (2020: loss for the year).

12 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

In the ordinary course of its activities, the Company transacts business with related parties as per the terms approved by the management of the Company. The following is a summary of the transactions with related parties that took place during the year to 31 December 2021 and the outstanding balances that remained at 31 December 2021.

Related parties	Relationship
Lazard Group LLC	Shareholder
Lazard Funding Limited LLC	Shareholder
Lazard & Co Limited	Affiliate
Lazard Freres & Co LLC	Affiliate
Lazard & Co Services Limited	Affiliate
Lazard Gulf Limited	Affiliate
Lazard Strategic Coordination Company LLC (LSCC)	Affiliate
Lazard Freres SAS	Affiliate

Transactions

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
	SR	SR
Intercompany expenses transactions, net	5,822,899	6,339,350
Allocated administrative and support cost (Note 14)	97,304	90,041
Absorption of Loss (note 10)	3,900,000	3,800,000

12 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Transactions (continued)

3,477,138 3,315,303			31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Salances		2.5	SR	SR
Balances 3,477,138 3,315,303	Salaries and other short-term benefit		3,321,855	2,989,200
Balances Balances Balances Balances Balances Balances Due from Related Parties Lazard Group LLC Lazard & Co., Limited Lazard & Co., Limited Lazard Frères SAS Lazard Guif Limited Reimbursable Expenses Reimbursable E	Compensation expenses		155,283	326,103
Balances 31 December 2021 2020			3,477,138	3,315,303
2021 2020 SR SR SR	Balances			
Due from Related Parties Lazard Group LLC Lazard & Co., Services Reimbursable Expenses Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 Lazard Gulf Limited Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 Lazard Gulf Limited Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 Lazard Gulf Limited Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602	Balances	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Lazard Group LLC Lazard & Co. Services Lazard & Co. Limited Lazard & Co. Limited Lazard & Co. Limited Lazard Freres SAS Lazard Gulf Limited Reimbursable Expenses Lazard Gulf Limited Reimbursable Expenses Reimbursable Exp			SR	SR
Lazard & Co. Services Lazard & Co., Limited Lazard & Co., Limited Lazard Frères SAS Lazard Frères SAS Lazard Guif Limited Reimbursable Expenses Total Reimbursable Expenses Reimbursable Expenses Reimbursable Expenses Reimbursable Expenses Total Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 -1,046,269 Reimbursable Expenses 598 -7 Total Reimbursable Expenses 598 -7 Total Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 -7 Total Reimbursable Expenses 598 -7 Total Reimbursable Expenses 1,130,602 -7 Total Reimbursable Expenses 1,10,602 -1,046,269 Reimbursable Expenses 1,104,6,269 -1,04			7.4.40	
Lazard & Co., Limited Lazard Frères SAS Lazard Gulf Limited Total Balances Reimbursable Expenses Spall 2,243,791 1,046,269 SR SR SR Due to related parties Restricted unit shares and expenses pald by related party Party Spanses pald by related party Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses pald by related party Lazard & Co Limited Expenses pald by related party Expenses pald by related party Lazard Freres SAS Expenses pald by related party Lazard Freres SAS Lazard & Co Services Limited Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses pald by related party Expenses pald by rel			378,212	
Lazard Frères SAS Lazard Gulf Limited Total Balances Balances Reimbursable Expenses Total Balances Balances Restricted unit shares and expenses paid by related party Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Lazard & Co Limited Lazard Freres SAS Lazard & Co Services Limited Lazard Gulf Limited Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party Expenses paid b			-	
Lazard Gulf Limited Total Reimbursable Expenses 2,243,791 1,046,269 Balances Balances Restricted unit shares and expenses paid by related party Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Limited Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses paid by related party Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses paid by related party Expenses paid by related party Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses paid by related party Expenses paid by related party Lazard Freres SAS Expenses paid by related party Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party			and the second s	/30,024
Balances 31 December 2021 31 December 2020 SR SR SR Due to related parties Restricted unit shares and expenses paid by related party 3,313,346 2,481,151 Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses paid by related party 15,678 8,378 Lazard & Co Limited Expenses paid by related party 1,337,878 1,327,655 Expenses paid by related party 9,680 9,607 Lazard Freres SAS Expenses paid by related party 7,143,026 6,064,890 Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party 4,258 88,126 Lazard Guif Limited Expenses paid by related party 4,258 88,126 Expenses paid by related party 4,258 88,126 Expenses paid by related party 4,258 88,126				
Balances Balances Restricted unit shares and expenses paid by related party Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Lazard & Co Limited Expenses paid by related party E		Kennoulsania expenses		1.046.360
Due to related parties Restricted unit shares and expenses paid by related party 3,313,346 2,481,151 Expenses paid by related party 15,678 8,378 Lazard & Co Limited Expenses paid by related party 1,337,878 1,327,655 Expenses paid by related party 9,680 9,607 Lazard Freres SAS Expenses paid by related party 7,143,026 6,064,890 Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 88,126 Lazard Gulf Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 88,126	Balances			
Lazard Group LLC Restricted unit shares and expenses paid by related party Description of the party and party arrows a special party arrows ar			SR	
Lazard Group LLC expenses paid by related party 3,313,346 2,481,151 Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses paid by related party 15,678 8,378 Lazard & Co Limited Expenses paid by related party 1,337,878 1,327,655 Expenses paid by related party 9,680 9,607 Lazard Freres SAS Expenses paid by related party 7,143,026 6,064,890 Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 88,126 Lazard Gulf Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 88,126	Due to related parties			
Lazard Freres & Co. LLC Expenses paid by related party	Lazard Group LLC	expenses paid by related		
Lazard & Co Limited Expenses paid by related party	Lazard Frenes & Co. LLC	•	3,313,346	2,481,151
Lazard Freres SAS Lazard & Co Services Limited Lazard Gulf Limited party party Expenses paid by related party party Expenses paid by related party Fxpenses paid by related party Expenses paid by related			15,678	8,378
Lazard Freres SAS Expenses paid by related party 7,143,026 6,064,890 Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 88,126 Lazard Gulf Limited Expenses paid by related party 82,184 59,198			1,337,878	1,327,655
Lazard & Co Services Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 88,126 Lazard Gulf Limited Expenses paid by related party 48,258 59,198		party	9,680	9,607
Lazard & Co Services Limited party 48,258 88,126 Expenses paid by related party 82,184 59,198	Lazard Freres SAS	party	7,143,026	6,064,890
Lazard Guir Limited party 82,184 59,198	Lazard & Co Services Limited	party	48,258	88,126
Total 11,950,050 10.039.005	Lazard Gulf Limited		82,184	59,198
	Total		11,950,050	10,039,005

The above outstanding balances carry no interest and have no fixed repayment date.

13 EQUITY-BASED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARDS

The Company has allotted equity-based incentive compensation awards to its key management. Under the award, the Company provides Restricted Stocks Units (RSUs) of its ultimate Parent Company, Lazard LTD. The stocks are vested subject to completion of vesting period. The plan of Lazard LTD under which RSUs are awards is termed as Company's 2008 plan. Ultimate vestment of RSUs will be in the form of Class A common stock.

RSUs generally require future service as a condition for the delivery of the underlying shares of Class A common stock. The grant date fair value of the RSUs, net of an estimated forfeiture rate, is amortized over the vesting periods or requisite service periods (generally one-third after two years, and the remaining two-thirds after the third year) and is adjusted for actual forfeitures over such period. RSUs generally include a dividend participation right that provides that during vesting periods each RSU is attributed additional RSUs (or fractions thereof) equivalent to any dividends paid on Class A common stock during such period.

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
Number of RSUs issued-units	153	368
Charges to salaries-SR	155,283	326,103
Liability for RSUs-SR	2,856,420	2,679,854

13 EQUITY-BASED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARDS (CONTINUED)

		vveignted
	Units	average price of
		shares (SR)
Balance at 1 January 2020	8,311	43,47
Granted	368	42.51
Forfeited	•	•
Vested	(3,142)	46.11
Balance at 31 December 2020	5,537	41.90
Granted	153	39.15
Forfelted		-
Vested	(2,868)	46.63
Balance at 31 December 2021	2,822	36.95

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L4 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

		31 December	31 December
	Notes	2021	2020
		SR	SR
Salaries and related expenses		4,356,825	3,858,838
Rent		265,000	299,458
Legal and professional fees		757,025	453,927
Depreciation	6	55,416	10,327
Allocated administrative and support costs	12	97,304	90,041
Business travel expenses		7,254	7,539
Communication and Internet expenses		112,273	139,078
Outsourced services		71,295	207,652
Printing, courier and stationery		4,699	14,801
Insurance expenses		32,274	32,005
Others	_	41,322	49,759
		5,800,657	5,163,425

15 TAXATION

The Company has tax loss, therefore, no provision for Income tax has been recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

The Company does not anticipate availability of future taxable profit to utilize any tax credits. Therefore, no deferred tax asset has been recognized at reporting date amounting 5AR 10,304,167. Furthermore, no temporary taxable differences exist at reporting date.

The Company has filed its income tax returns for the years 2010 to 2020, which are still under review by the Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority (ZATCA).

16 RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash and cash equivalents, due from related parties and other assets while financial liabilities of the Company comprise due to related parties, accrued expenses and other liabilities.

16.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial assets, which are potentially subject to concentration of credit risk, consist principally of cash at bank, receivables, due from related parties and other receivables. The Company's cash at bank is placed with a bank of repute and hence the credit risk is limited. There is no credit risk pertaining to the balances with related parties and customers.

16.2 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's transactions are principally in Saudi Riyals and United States Dollars. Management monitors the fluctuations in currency exchange rates and believes that the Company is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk

16.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from the difficulty of selling an asset in a timely manner and quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss. Liquidity risk is closely monitored by performing a regular review of available funds and present and future commitments.

17 FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. As the Company's financial instruments are compiled under the historical cost convention, differences can arise between the book values and fair value estimates. Management believes that the fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values.

18 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments exist at reporting date.

19 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS

The Company does not have non-adjusting events after reporting date.

20 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2022 G corresponding to 26 Shaaban 1443 H.

Chairman of the Board Directors Chief Financial Officer